WORLD FLYING DISC FEDERATION Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	
Statement of Financial Position	4
Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets	
Statement of Functional Expenses	(
Statement of Cash Flows	•
Notes to Financial Statements	8



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors World Flying Disc Federation Colorado Springs, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of World Flying Disc Federation (a not-for-profit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of World Flying Disc Federation as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of World Flying Disc Federation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the

aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about World Flying Disc Federation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of including omissions, are control. Misstatements, internal considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of World Flying Disc Federation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about World Flying Disc Federation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Federation's 2021 financial statements, and our report dated April 27, 2022, expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

McMillen & Company, PLLC Colorado Springs, Colorado

May 23, 2023

WORLD FLYING DISC FEDERATION Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2022

(With Comparative Amounts for 2021)

ASSETS			
		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	928,495 13,197 4,958	\$ 690,461 16,275
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	946,650	\$ 706,736
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET</u> CURRENT LIABILITIES:	ASSE	TS	
Accounts payable Funds held for others WUGC 2020 refunds payable WBUC 2022 refunds payable Deferred revenue Total current liabilities	\$	24,107 83,100 37,653 144,860	\$ 6,699 320,771 20,288 50,422 11,778
NET ASSETS: Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions Total net assets		798,069 3,721 801,790	 292,202 4,576 296,778
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	946,650	\$ 706,736

WORLD FLYING DISC FEDERATION

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

(With Summarized Comparative Totals for 2021)

	Without Donor	With Donor	2022	2021
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Totals	Totals
REVENUE AND SUPPORT:				
Events	\$ 874,408	\$	\$ 874,408	\$
Merchandise sales, net	81,087		81,087	
Membership dues	77,691		77,691	38,661
In-kind contributions	54,637		54,637	
Grants	32,000		32,000	32,000
Sponsorships	31,208		31,208	20,276
Donations	17,893		17,893	7,709
Interest & dividends	66		66	25
Satisfied program restrictions	855	(855)		
Total revenue and support	1,169,845	(855)	1,168,990	98,671
EXPENSES:				
Program expenses:				
Sports development &				
WFDF events	555,132		555,132	167,944
Supporting services:				
General, administrative,				
& fundraising	108,846		108,846	63,492
Total expenses	663,978		663,978	231,436
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	505,867	(855)	505,012	(132,765)
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	292,202	4,576	296,778	429,543
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 798,069	\$ 3,721	\$ 801,790	\$ 296,778
Sports development & WFDF events Supporting services: General, administrative, & fundraising Total expenses CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NET ASSETS, beginning of year	108,846 663,978 505,867 292,202	4,576	108,846 663,978 505,012 296,778	63,4 231,4 (132,7) 429,5

WORLD FLYING DISC FEDERATION

Statement of Functional Expenses

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

(With Summarized Comparative Totals for 2021)

	Progra	m Services	Support	ing Services				
	Deve	Sports lopment & F events	Admin	eneral, istrative, ndraising	E	2022 Expenses		2021 Expenses
Contract labor	\$	174,591	\$	47,860	\$	222,451	\$	136,606
Production & promotion		180,581				180,581		31,512
Travel		84,585		5,832		90,417		8,167
Equipment & clothing		49,280				49,280		68
Professional fees				35,585		35,585		24,761
Event management		20,798				20,798		2,115
Marketing		20,018				20,018		4,145
Cost of goods sold				18,150		18,150		
Medals		15,050				15,050		
Telephone & internet				9,227		9,227		7,489
Drug testing		7,404				7,404		1,181
Office expense				6,752		6,752		2,469
Dues & subscriptions		2,825				2,825		6,693
Insurance				2,359		2,359		2,968
Bank charges	-			1,231		1,231	-	3,262
		555,132		126,996		682,128		231,436
Less: cost of goods sold				(18,150)		(18,150)		
Total expenses, as reported on								
the statement of activities	\$	555,132	\$	108,846	\$	663,978	\$	231,436

See Notes to Financial Statements

WORLD FLYING DISC FEDERATION

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Amounts for 2021)

	2022	<u>2021</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Change in net assets	\$ 505,012	\$ (132,765)
Adjustments to reconcile change in		
net assets to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable	3,078	(14,852)
Prepaid expenses	(4, 958)	
Increase (decrease) in operating		
liabilities:		
Accounts payable	17,408	(1,049)
Funds held for others	(237,671)	320,771
WUGC 2020 refunds payable	•	(107,328)
WBUC 2022 refunds payable	(50,422)	50,422
Deferred revenue	 25,875	 11,778
Total adjustments	 (266,978)	 259,742
Net cash provided by		
operating activities	 238,034	 126,977
NET INCREASE IN CASH	238,034	126,977
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
beginning of year	 690,461	 563,484
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
end of year	\$ 928,495	\$ 690,461

WORLD FLYING DISC FEDERATION Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The World Flying Disc Federation (the Federation) serves as the international governing body of all flying disc sports, with responsibility for sanctioning world championship and other international flying disc events, establishing uniform rules, and setting standards for and recording of world records; it acts to promote and protect the "spirit of the game" of flying disc sports play; to encourage flying disc sports play throughout the world and foster the establishment of new national flying disc sports Federations, advising them on all flying disc sports activities and general management; to promote and raise public awareness of and lobby for official recognition of flying disc play as sport; and to provide an international forum for discussion of all aspects of flying disc sports play. The Federation is made up of the National Federations (Members) that govern their respective disc sports. As of December 31, 2022, the Federation had 105 member Federations representing 102 countries. These members guide the administration of the Federation through Board of Directors and an Executive Director. The Federation is a member of the General Federation of International Sports Federations and the International World Games Federation and is a signatory to the World Anti-Doping Federation's (WADA) Code. It is incorporated in the State of Colorado, USA. The Federation received permanent recognition by the International Olympic Committee in 2015.

Method of Accounting

The financial statements of the Federation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2020-07, Presentation and Disclosures by Notfor-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets (Topic 958). This ASU allows for the presentation and disclosure of contributions of nonfinancial assets to be more transparent in not-for-profit entities' financial statements. The new guidance requires not-for-profit entities to add a separate

line item to the statement of activities, and to include various disaggregated disclosures by category, for contributions of nonfinancial assets. ASU 2020-07 is applied retrospectively and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Federation adopted ASU 2020-07 during the year ended December 31, 2022, requiring certain reclassifications in presentation and additional disclosure regarding contributed nonfinancial assets.

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02 - Leases, which created a new topic section of the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC), ASC 842. This guidance requires the recognition of all leases as rights and obligations to be presented on the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities. The standard further defines the proper initial and subsequent recognition and required disclosure of leases based on the type of lease, as defined under the new ASC 842. For nonpublic entities, the update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The Federation adopted this standard during the year ended December 31, 2022, with no impact on its financial statement.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- Net assets without donor restrictions: net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Federation.
- Net assets with donor restrictions: net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed

restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the Federation's checking and money market accounts.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Cash flows from operating activities do not contain any amounts paid for interest or income taxes.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at year-end. Based on management's assessment of the credit history with customers having outstanding balances and current relationships with them, it has concluded that realized losses on balances outstanding at year-end will be immaterial. Therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

Revenue Recognition

The Federation has analyzed the provisions of the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Federation's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

• Events - Events income contains a specific delivery element, and revenue is recognized at a single point in time when ownership, risks, and rewards transfer. Revenue is recognized when events are successfully conducted.

- Sponsorship revenue Sponsorship revenue is recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Federation is entitled to in exchange for substantially fulfilling performance obligations specific to each contract. Sponsorships are recognized as revenue in the period in which the Federation satisfies its performance sponsors. obligation to its The Federation's performance obligations for sponsorship revenue is to provide promotion and advertising opportunities arranged under each contract. The Federation has determined that performance obligations of existing multi-year contracts do not materially differ from yearto-year; but it continues to evaluate each new contract for proper recognition under ASC 606.
- Membership registrations Membership registration revenue is recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Federation is entitled to in membership exchange for providing services. Registrations are recognized as revenue in the period in Federation satisfies which the its performance obligation to its members. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to a customer, as defined by ASC 606. Federation's performance obligation for membership registration revenue is to provide access competitions, membership services, and benefits accessible only to members. Annual memberships are recognized during the year of membership services.
- Grant revenue The Federation receives grants from the International Olympic Committee (IOC) to support its programs and other initiatives. The Federation assesses grants to determine if an exchange transaction exists. If so, revenue is recognized upon substantially satisfying the performance obligations under such exchange transactions.

Contributions

Contributions received are recorded as restricted support, depending on the existence and nature of any donor restrictions. Support that is not restricted by the donor is reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions. All other donor restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with restrictions, depending on

> the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires (that is when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose accomplished), net restriction is assets with restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Statement of Activities as released from restrictions. Restricted contributions for which restrictions are met in the same reporting period are recorded as changes to net assets without donor restrictions.

In-Kind Contributions

The Federation records various types of in-kind contributions (Note D). The Federation's policy related to gifts-in-kind is to utilize the assets given to carry out the mission of the Federation. If an asset is provided that does not allow the Federation to utilize it in its normal course of business, the asset will be sold at its fair market value as determined by appraisal or other method depending on the type of asset.

Contributed services are recognized if the services received create or enhance non-financial assets or require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation.

Contributions of tangible assets are recognized at fair value when received. The amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements as in-kind contributions are offset by like amounts included in expenses.

In addition, several volunteers have donated significant amounts of their time to the Federation's program and support services. These in-kind contributions are not reflected in the financial statements since these services do not meet the criteria for recognition.

Income Tax

The Federation is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been reflected in the Federation's financial statements. The Federation's Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, is subject to examination by various taxing authorities, generally for three years after the date it was filed. Management of the

Federation believes that it does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements.

Prior-Year Comparisons

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not by both functional classification and natural classification of expenses and not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with GAAP. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Federation's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, from which the summarized information was derived.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and the statement of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited based on internal records and estimates made by the Federation's management. Personnel costs are allocated based on an estimate of time and effort between program and supporting services.

Date of Management's Review

In preparing the financial statements, the Federation has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through May 23, 2023, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

B. AVAILABLE RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

The Federation regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments while striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. The Federation has two sources of liquidity at its disposal, a checking account with a balance to cover operating expenses and also a business market savings account for funds in excess of daily cash requirements. However, of these funds, a significant amount can, at times, represent collections held for tournament organizing committees in preparation for events. The amounts held for tournament organizing committees are reported as Funds Held for Others in the statement of

financial position.

The Federation manages resources through extensive budget forecasting over a five-year period to anticipate its ongoing activities of international events, grants, teaching clinics, and operations. The Federation regularly monitors actual to budgeted revenues and expenses to anticipate sufficient revenue to cover expenditures.

C. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Federation maintains its cash balances in one financial institution. The balances at the financial institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. In the unlikely event of a bank failure, the Federation could suffer loss to the extent that cash balances exceed the insured amounts. Management does not believe any deposits are at risk from this concentration.

D. DONATED GOODS AND SERVICES

The Federations received in-kind sponsorships and donations from various supporters, primarily from sponsoring organizations. In-kind contributions consisted of discs valued at \$54,637 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

E. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue consists of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Sanctioning fees Media rights World games Other	\$ 24,320 13,333	\$ 2,890 5,600 3,288
	\$ 37,653	\$ 11,778

F. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions at December 31, 2022 and 2021, consist of assets restricted for the following program:

				2022	<u>2021</u>
Anti-doping	and	development	programs	\$ 3,721	\$ 4,576

Net assets are released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses that satisfy the restricted purpose. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, restricted net assets were released from restrictions for the following program:

	<u>2</u>	<u>2021</u>		
Anti-doping program	\$	855	\$	10,750
Development grants program Game advisor projects				9,500 6,000
Special projects				5,760
Total net assets released from	ı	0.5.5		20 010
donor restrictions	\$	855	Ş	32,010

G. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During both the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the IOC provided \$32,000 in grants to the Federation. The Federation receives economic benefits in the form of grants from the IOC in order to enhance its programs.